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# DAILY REPORT

COMPLETED
ORIGINAL

# SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

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## DJIBOUTI

### ETHIOPIAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION ARRIVES IN DJIBOUTI

LD302150Y Djibouti Domestic Service in Somali 1645 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] An Ethiopian delegation headed by the director of the Ethiopian Foreign Ministry in charge of African affairs arrived in Djibouti this morning and met His Excellency Hassan Gouled Aptidon, president of the Republic of Djibouti.

The Ethiopian delegation has come to find ways of strengthening [words indistinct] relations between Ethiopia and the Republic of Djibouti [words indistinct].

## ETHIOPIA

### KENYAN FOREIGN MINISTER WAIYAKI ARRIVES IN ADDIS

#### Supports Ethiopia in Conflict

LD292204Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1700 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Kenyan Foreign Minister Waiyaki today expressed pleasure at the victories won by the heroic Ethiopian forces, people and government over their enemies by offering determined resistance.

Dr Waiyaki arrived in Addis Ababa this afternoon on a working visit to Ethiopia at the head of a five-man high-level Kenyan delegation. The delegation and the minister were welcomed at the Bole International Airport by Col Feleke Gedle-Giorgis, foreign minister; officials of his ministry; F.K. Nganatha, Kenyan ambassador to Ethiopia; Ato Mengiste Desta, the Ethiopian ambassador to Kenya who had come to Ethiopia earlier; and members of the Kenyan Embassy.

Explaining his visit to newsmen at the airport, the Kenyan foreign minister mentioned that Kenya is determinedly prepared to fight side by side with Ethiopia against the common enemy. He went on to say that, despite the fact that Ethiopia has now defeated its enemy, his country is not fully satisfied because Somalia has not yet renounced its claims to the territories of Kenya, Djibouti and the Ogaden of Ethiopia.

In his statement, Dr Waiyaki pointed out that he had come to Ethiopia to discuss steps to be taken by Ethiopia and Kenya, because his country could not sit idly by. He said: The entire world should know that Ethiopia and Kenya cannot be tricked by anyone, and both countries are determined to resist any invasion.

Continuing, the Kenyan foreign minister said that he wants the entire people of Ethiopia to know that the Kenyan people--man and women--support Ethiopia and that they are ready to jointly destroy anyone who wishes to annex territory. Moreover, although Africans are aware of disputes along borders as a result of ethnic problems, Dr Waiyaki went on to say that the sole aim of Africans is to have a strong African society which can strengthen African unity, adding that our only wish is to forget tribalism. He also said: It must be known that anyone who now tries to make us talk about tribes by referring back to the old days is an enemy of Africa. In conclusion, he said: Tribal and racial divisions ended soon after most African countries became independent, and attempts to restore them in Africa are outmoded.

## Foreign Ministers Exchange Toasts

LD301640Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in English 1015 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Dr Waiyaki arrived in Addis Ababa yesterday at the head of a five-man high-level delegation on a working visit to Ethiopia. He was received on arrival by Dr Feleke Gedle-Giorgis, minister for foreign affairs; officials of the same ministry; Mr Nganatha, Kenyan ambassador to Ethiopia; and Ethiopian ambassador to Kenya Ato Mengiste Desta, who had arrived here earlier.

The foreign ministers of socialist Ethiopia and the Republic of Kenya have affirmed the determination of their respective governments to resist within the OAU any attempt at changing any existing African boundaries on tribal irredentism which, they said, will destroy Africa. The affirmation was made during an exchange toast at a reception given last night at the (Chion) Hotel by Dr Feleke Gedle-Giorgis, minister of foreign affairs, in honor of the visiting high-level Kenyan delegation.

Speaking earlier, Dr Feleke outlined the traditional friendship and similar aspirations that has conditioned Kenya and Ethiopia to stand together in times of peace and in times of adversity. The Ethiopian foreign minister noted that in the economic field a common infrastructure is being established, trade is increasing, common regional joint ventures between Kenya and Ethiopia have been identified and in the years to come we intend to achieve even more.

The Kenyan foreign minister replied to the speech by toast by conveying at the outset warm congratulations and best wishes from President Jomo Kenyatta, the government, people and party of Kenya and the Kenyan African National Union for the victory of the Ethiopian people against the invaders and for the job well done. He pointed out that if anybody is working for the destruction of African unity then [words indistinct] Kenya are determined within the OAU, any attempt of changing African boundaries on tribal basis, which he described as a means of destroying Africa.

## Waiyaki-Feleke Talks Begin

LD302134Y Addis Ababa in English to Neighboring Countries 1730 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] The visiting Kenyan foreign minister, Dr Waiyaki and his Ethiopian counterpart, Dr Feleke Gedle-Giorgis, have held their first round of talks on bilateral and international issues of common interest. During the talks the two sides reiterated the ever-broadening areas of social, economic and political cooperation between the two fraternal countries and they also condemned the reactionary Mogadiscio regimes' totally reckless adventure in territorial expansionism at the expense of its neighbors and emphasized the importance of strict adherence to the principles of the UN and the OAU charters.

Dr Waiyaki pointed out that Ethiopia's victory over the invading troops of the Mogadiscio regime enhanced peace and stability in Africa and more particularly in this part of the continent.

He pledged close Kenyan financial and material support to Ethiopia's current drive to rehabilitate displaced people in the Ogaden as a result of the Somali invasion of the area.

Earlier, the two foreign ministers affirmed the determination of their respective governments to resist within the framework of the OAU any attempts at changing existing African boundaries on tribal lines.

FOREIGN MINISTRY DEMANDS SOMALIA RENOUNCE 'EXPANSIONISM'

LD302116Y Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1700 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the provisional military government of socialist Ethiopia has issued the following statement on the continuation of Somalia's subversive plot in southeast Ethiopia.

The government of socialist Ethiopia has repeatedly and firmly told the world community that it has no wish to violate Somalia's territorial integrity and that the OAU and UN charters are the basis for lasting peace, mutual understanding and coexistance. While this is the policy that we are pursuing, the Somali Government has publicly announced that it has not renounced its expansionist ambitions despite its defeat in the war in southeast Ethiopia--a war which Somalia itself started.

The merciless massacre of thousands of civilians--men, women and children--and the destruction of people's property worth 1 million [birr] in southeast Ethiopia by the Somali invading troops is clear evidence of a malicious plot.

Thousands of people have been massacred and hundreds of thousands have been robbed, wounded and displaced by the invading Somali troops. Development projects, establishments and [word indistinct] worth hundreds of millions have been destroyed.

It is to be recalled that Somalia suffered a humiliating defeat in the war which it started itself. The world community knows that the oppressed masses of Somalia are going through an unprecedented economic crisis as a result of the invasion launched by the expansionist ambitions of the Mogadiscio ruling class.

It is clear to us and the world community that the division and differences among the ruling classes within and outside [as heard] Somalia are being accentuated.

This political crisis could result in a civil war or a change of government in the country. The Somali ruling class is facing these problems, which are the only ills that victorious socialist Ethiopia has inflicted on Somalia. Ethiopia has assisted the broad masses of invasion [as heard] and has assured the world community that it has no intention of violating Somalia's territorial integrity.

Ethiopia has implemented this policy in line with its firm desire to adhere to the OAU Charter and the principles of the UN and the nonalined movement. We have demonstrated our ample patience. We have openly demonstrated to the world our desire to live in peaceful coexistence with Somalia and our other neighbors in keeping with the charters and principles of the OAU and UN.

It is adherence to these principles, and nothing else, that we have demanded for insuring a lasting solution in the region.

Ethiopia has called on the imperialists, who collaborated in Somalia's pursuance of an unjust policy, to persuade Somalia to renounce its expansionist ambitions which are the root cause of its present crisis and which it will never succeed in fulfilling. Had Mogadiscio's collaborators and accomplices adhered properly to the principles of peaceful coexistance, respect for boundaries and noninterference in internal affairs, it would have been possible to bring peace to this troubled region.

The Somali leadership has continued its policy of invasion and expansionism and has declared a genocidal war. The Ethiopian people will no longer accept this. Although Ethiopia does not want war, in accordance with international law it will be compelled to safeguard its rights in the face of further attacks.

This is what Ethiopia wants to make clear.

ADDIS ZEMEN COMMENTS ON QUESTION OF AUTONOMY

LD3014347 Addis Ababa in English to Neighboring Countries 1720 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] The editorial of the Amharic daily, Addis ZEMEN, writes on the question of nationalities or national groups within the country. ZEMEN points to the recent seminars that have taken place in Gojam and Hararge and to one taking place today in Shawa, Central Ethiopia, on the subject of nationalities in Ethiopia and the right to self-determination within the context of the national democratic revolution program.

The Amharic daily notes the program of the national democratic revolution for having taken into consideration the crucial question of nationalities and precisely the right of Ethiopian nationalities to live in equality under the principle: diversity in unity.

After quoting the relevant article--article five of the national democratic revolution program--ZEMEN observes that the task of creating workable levels of regional autonomy requires dedication and struggle. It points to the ongoing seminars as [word indistinct] of the realization of the concerned people for more information and date to realize the goals outlined in the program.

Regional autonomy, continues ZEMEN, is the framework (?which is) relevant to the solution of nationality questions in Ethiopia, not the narrow nationalistic ventures [words indistinct] to dismember the country and divide the working people. Noting that it is important to outline and understand the differences and similarities among the different nationalities of Ethiopia to take the necessary steps forward, ZEMEN concludes by echoing the popular call for the establishment of an institute of nationalities.

ARMENIAN 'COUNTERREVOLUTIONARY' CAUGHT STOCKPILING ARMS

LD2917447 Addis Ababa Domestic Service in English 1015 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Numerous weapons, explosives and over 2,000 rounds of ammunition intended for subversive use have been seized in the residence of (Alshag Hagom) in Higher One Kebele-5 [urban dwellers association]. Several pieces of jewelry, a field glass as well as undetermined amounts of Maria Theresa currency [obsolete coins] and shillings were also uncovered by the search operation. The naturalized Armenian counterrevolutionary had been working in complicity with three other Ethiopian nationals of Armenian origin and their father, (Tolko Karagian), in stockpiling arms for subversive purposes. Several weapons were seized in the residence of the family and their accomplices after they were apprehended in Higher Two Kebele-16.

## SOMALIA

### WSLF KILLS ETHIOPIANS, CUBANS IN DAGAHABUR

LD302100Y Mogadiscio Domestic Service in Somali 1850 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Summary] According to reports we have received from the Western Somali Liberation Front--WSLF--today, 170 Ethiopian soldiers and 10 Cubans were killed by the WSLF in fighting with the allied forces in Dagahabur. The front also captured three vehicles and three Ethiopian soldiers.

## KENYA

### VICE PRESIDENT LAUDS SOMALI WITHDRAWAL FROM OGADEN

LD302144Y Nairobi Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Excerpt] The vice president, Mr Daniel Arap Moi, has expressed Kenya's hope that the recent withdrawal of Somali troops from the Ogaden region in Ethiopia will mark the beginning of an era of peace and respect for the existing international boundaries in Africa. Mr Moi said Kenya hopes that the Somali withdrawal will bring the stability which is vital for mutual cooperation and for the well-being of the people of Africa.

The vice president was officially opening the 22-million-shilling extension of the East African industries factory in Nairobi today. Referring to the government's industrialization policy, Mr Moi reiterated that Kenya encourages both private and public enterprises for the development of the industrial sector. He called on foreign investors to make use of the stable investment atmosphere generated by the confidence inspired by President Kenyatta and to tap the country's ample manpower.

## TANZANIA

### CANCELLATION OF CUBAN FOREIGN MINISTERS' TRIP REPORTED

LD301806Y Dar es Salaam in English to East Africa 1600 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Dar es Salaam--The recent proposed tour of Africa by the Cuban foreign minister, Ndugu Isidoro Malmierca, has been canceled.

A statement by the Cuban Embassy in Dar es Salaam said Ndugu Malmierca has canceled the tour because he is indisposed. The statement said Ndugu Malmierca, who was scheduled to arrive in Dar es Salaam yesterday for a 3-day visit to Tanzania, is presently undergoing treatment in Paris.

### TANZANIA BRIEFED ON UN NAMIBIA PROPOSALS

LD301816Y Dar es Salaam in English to East Africa 1600 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Dar es Salaam--Five Western members of the UN Security Council today presented Tanzania with the latest proposals on Namibia. The proposals were presented to President Nyerere by the ambassadors and high commissioners of the five countries.

The proposals were drawn up by the five Western powers at numerous consultations with the South-West Africa People's Organization--SWAPO--the frontline states and South Africa.

Similar presentations were being made today in the other frontline countries and the racist regime of South Africa.

## UGANDA

### AMIN RECEIVES SUDANESE CHARGE, PRAISES NUMAYRI

LD301428Y Kampala Domestic Service in English 0400 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Life President Idi Amin has praised the role President Numayri of the Sudan is playing in bringing about understanding and unity among African states. The field marshal said he is proud of these efforts of President Numayri and added that this be [as heard] an example for other African leaders. The life president was receiving at State House, Entebbe, the Sudanese charge d'affaires, Mr Muhammad Ahmad Abd al-Jafar, who delivered to him the special message from the Sudanese leader.

The president said that what is important today in Africa is peace and unity and he was happy that unity among African states is growing stronger. The president was also happy that Khartoum would be the capital of the OAU and said that he looked forward to the complete success of the OAU summit in the Sudanese capital, because many decisions concerning the development of Africa would be taken there.

The life president also informed the charge d'affaires of his meeting on Saturday, April 1st, with the representatives of the nationals of the neighboring countries residing in Uganda. He said that his intention in calling such meetings is to brief the nationals of the neighboring countries about the relations between Uganda and their respective countries. He stressed that he does not want to see the nationals of Sudan, Kenya, Tanzania and Rwanda living in Uganda jeopardize the already good understanding existing between Uganda and their countries. The field marshal exphasized that these nationals are not only his eyes and ears, but also of their respective heads of state and government and must therefore bring good understanding between their countries and Uganda. He reiterated that Uganda only wants peace with her neighbors and his government would not at all allow the nationals of the neighboring countries to carry out any subversive activities against their countries from Ugandan soil.

The president and the charge d'affaires also discussed a wide range of topics of mutual interest between the two countries. The field marshal stressed the importance of communication among African states and told the charge d'affaires that his (single) desire is to see that there is a very good communication system between Uganda and Sudan.

## CHAD

### FROLINAT URGES ADHERENCE TO CEASE-FIRE BEGINNING 30 MARCH

LD3022201Y Omdurman Domestic Service in Arabic 1700 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Summary] The Chad National Liberation Front--FROLINAT--issued a statement today appealing to all the Chadian people, particularly FROLINAT supporters, to abide by a cease-fire which takes effect today.

The statement also praised the role played by President Numayri in bringing about national unity in Chad.

## GABON

### OPTIMISM ON RHODESIA'S PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT VOICED

PA2422240Y Paris AFP in French 1619 GMT 24 Mar 78 PA

[Text] Libreville, 24 Mar (AFP)--Martin Bongo, Gabon's minister of foreign affairs and cooperation, said Friday afternoon that he regards in an optimistic manner the creation of an Executive Council in Zimbabwe composed mostly of blacks. Bongo added that he hopes the Patriotic Front will join the council in order to strengthen the black majority.

"Nobody," he remarked, "thought that one day Ian Smith would accept such a solution. That already represents a step toward the final victory."

According to Martin Bongo, the next step will be the formation of the Council of Ministers, which must also reflect the black majority. In view of this progressive evolution, he stressed, it would be good to reexamine our positions in accordance with the latest resolution adopted at the 14th summit meeting of the Organization of African Unity (OAU).

Martin Bongo made these statements in his role as foreign minister of the country occupying the OAU presidency.

## NIGERIA

### LAGOS NOTES PRESIDENT CARTER TO ARRIVE 31 MARCH

LD310932Y Lagos International Service in English 0730 GMT 31 Mar 78 LD

[Excerpt] President Jimmy Carter of the United States is expected in Lagos today to begin an official visit to Nigeria. He will be accompanied by his wife and their daughter. The visit is reciprocal to the one made to the United States last year by the head of state, Lt Gen Olusegun Obasanjo.

### PRESS CALLS FOR GREATER U.S. INVESTMENT IN NIGERIA

LD310934Y Lagos International Service in English 0800 GMT 31 Mar 78 LD

[Press review on Carter visit to Nigeria]

[Text] Commenting on the visit to Nigeria by President Carter of the United States the Nigerian STANDARD reviews [words indistinct] areas which should feature in its talks with President Carter. Recalling that Nigeria is the second largest supplier of oil to the United States, the paper suggests that now is the time to ask for industrialization from the United States in exchange for the country's oil. It appeals to the federal government to use this opportunity to get an assurance from Mr Carter about positive steps to alter the dwindling American investment in Nigeria and to forge a new structure of economic relationship between the two countries.

On southern African problems, the STANDARD hopes that the American leader, through his human rights campaign and power in his country, can bring about freedom, justice and equality in the area.

In a front page editorial, THE DAILY EXPRESS, on behalf of the government and people of Nigeria, and indeed all the world's black and African men and women, welcomes the leader of the United States and his entourage. The paper provides answers to the numerous queries raised by many commentators and analysts on the rationale for Mr Carter's visit. It says that in a world where international dialog is increasingly being recognized as the best hope for mankind, tired of fighting wars, a Nigerian-American rapprochement will make the world all the more peaceful a place to live in. The EXPRESS emphasized that much of the talk between the Nigerian head of state and his august visitor would have to do with the explosive situation in southern Africa, Azania, Namibia and Zimbabwe. The paper says that the visit of the American President should provide Nigeria with the opportunity to discuss with the United States the so-called Ian Smith internal settlement agreement in Zimbabwe. It calls on President Carter and his countrymen to continue to press for respect for human rights in southern Africa.

### OLUSEGUN OBASANJO TO DELIVER BUDGET ADDRESS 31 MARCH

LD310934Y Lagos International Service in English 0830 GMT 31 Mar 78 LD

[Text] And I'd like to inform you that at 1800 Greenwich mean time, 1800 local time, the head of state, Lt Gen Olusegun Obasanjo, will be giving his budget speech. That's in our second English language transmission this evening. The time again: 1800 GMT, the head of state's budget speech to the nation.

ANGOLA

MERCHANT NAVY ACQUIRES THREE SOVIET VESSELS

LD301722Y Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 0600 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] The Angolan merchant navy has just been increased by three new long-range ships donated to the Angolan Government by the USSR within the terms of the friendship treaty signed by Presidents Agostinho Neto and Leonid Brezhnev. Their total capacity is 10,450 tons.

The ships were handed over at a ceremony at Luanda docks yesterday by the new Soviet ambassador to Angola, Comrade (Aleksey Valentin), to our government's representative, Comrade Jose Eduardo dos Santos, Politburo member and first deputy prime minister.

In a speech on the occasion, the Angolan official said that the donation was a further genuine gesture of solidarity on the part of the (?fraternal) USSR in its traditional relations with the MPLA. The donation would support our national construction, which faces great difficulties in the fields of transport--in particular sea transport--owing to the considerable length of our coast.

Comrade Jose Eduardo appealed to the workers who will use the (?new) ships called "Karl Marx," "Friedrich Engels" and "Vladimir Ilich Lenin"--the last being the biggest--to take full advantage of them and show their friends and Soviet colleagues that they are part of a firm revolutionary vanguard not only in Angola but also worldwide.

The ceremony was also attended by Pedro Van Dunen, third deputy prime minister; Comrade (Feliciano Mukeka), minister of fisheries [as heard]; Comrade Julio de Almeida, deputy minister of fisheries; and the national directors of various branches of the fisheries ministry and members of party mass organizations.

YUGOSLAV DEPUTY FOREIGN SECRETARY ARRIVES FOR VISIT

LD302046Y Belgrade TANJUG in English 1902 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD

[Text] Luanda, March 30 (TANJUG)--Deputy Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs Lazar Mojsov has arrived on an official visit to Angola as guest of Angolan Minister of Foreign Relations Paulo Jorge.

Mojsov said to newsmen that relations between Yugoslavia and the People's Republic of Angola are very good and have been successfully developing ever since the liberation struggle of the people of Angola, lead by the MPLA and President Agostinho Neto, which Yugoslavia amply supported. He added that his talks with Minister Jorge will pertain to the situation in the south of Africa and the most important questions in international situation in general. Special attention will be devoted to the coming meetings of the non-aligned--the Coordination Bureau ministerial meeting in Kabul and ministerial conference of the non-aligned in Belgrade, said Mojsov.

## BOTSWANA

### KIDNAPED RHODESIAN CHILDREN ALLOWED TO RETURN HOME

LD310928Y Johannesburg International Service in English 0400 GMT 31 Mar 78 LD

[Text] It has been announced in Gaborone that most of the Rhodesian schoolchildren who were kidnaped and taken across the border into Botswana on Wednesday will be sent home today. The acting commissioner of the Botswana police, Mr (Maputin), says the 432 children were forced by persons unknown to cross the border from Rhodesia but only 48 of them wanted to remain in Botswana. Rhodesian political and church leaders have welcomed the news that 384 of the pupils and their 12 abducted teachers are being allowed to return home. The kidnaped victims were rounded up by terrorists at the British Methodist mission at Tegwani in the Plumtree District and marched the 15 or so kilometers to the Botswana border. The Rhodesian Government appealed to Botswana after the kidnaping to see that the children were allowed to go back.

### TWO SOUTH AFRICANS, BRITON KILLED BY BOTSWANA POLICE

OW310640Y Hong Kong AFP in English 0638 GMT 31 Mar 78 OW

[Text] Johannesburg, March 31 (AFP)--Two South Africans and a Briton were shot dead by Botswana para-military police shortly after being arrested in the border zone between Botswana, South Africa and Rhodesia, it was reported here today.

The RAND DAILY MAIL and the citizen newspapers both carried the reports, quoting Botswana sources.

Their deaths were confirmed by telephone today by a spokesman for Botswana President Sir Seretse Khama, but no details of the incident were immediately available. A full statement was expected later.

## MOZAMBIQUE

### ZIPA REPORTS DOWNING OF RHODESIAN AIRCRAFT

LD302050Y Maputo Voice of Zimbabwe in English to Rhodesia 1800 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] Reports from the (?eastern) war zone of Zimbabwe have said that 10 military planes of the Salisbury regime were gunned down by ZIPA [Zimbabwe People's Army] freedom fighters in operations in the southern part of the eastern border town of Umtali over the last few days.

Yesterday, another reserve airwing aircraft was shot down by the freedom fighters in the southern eastern part of Fort Victoria. A white terrorist Rhodesian pilot was killed together with (?two) [word indistinct] medical corps of the regime's army.

Following this loss of a large number of war planes in a few days, the battered Salisbury regime's air force headquarters in Gwelo has ordered a cessation of civil flights to all areas under ZIPA operations.

The reports say heavy fighting is going on between the freedom fighters and the enemy forces in the southern part of Umtali and near Fort Victoria.

A detailed communique about the fighting will be released shortly by ZANLA [Zimbabwe African National Liberation Army], the military wing of ZANU, a component of the Patriotic Front.

Meanwhile, due to the increasing cost of the losing war, the (?wholesale) price of (?beef) is to increase as from next Monday in the embattled British colony of southern Rhodesia. Sources in Salisbury say the prices of essential commodities are also expected to rise in a few months.

ZANU'S MUGABE SAYS SMITH SHOULD BE SHOT

LD302124Y Maputo Voice of Zimbabwe in English to Rhodesia 1800 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD/EA

[Text] In an interview to be published next month in the progressive AFRIQUE-ASIE magazine, ZANU's president and Patriotic Front coleader, Comrade Robert Mugabe, said: If we find Smith alive when we take power, he would be tried by a peoples' court and will be shot.

The ZANU president stated that Ian Smith and his immediate collaborators are war criminals.

As to what would be the future of the white settlers in a free Zimbabwe, Comrade Robert Mugabe said: They must integrate themselves [words indistinct]. (?That) is already a starting point, he added.

The Patriotic Front coleader also reiterated that in a free Zimbabwe the land must belong to the state, which is the guardian of the people's interests. He said white farmers should have a role alongside the African farmers and they should not constitute a privileged class.

SOUTH AFRICA

BLACK SOUTH AFRICAN TROOPS KILL GUERRILLAS IN NAMIBIA

OW310946Y Hong Kong AFP in English 0942 GMT 31 Mar 78 OW

[Text] Windhoek, March 31 (AFP)--Black South African troops killed seven Namibian nationalist guerrillas yesterday who had attacked a South African base in north Namibia with mortars and rockets, it was announced today.

Commander in Chief of South Africa forces in Namibia General Jan Geldenhuys said that the attack was mounted by guerrillas coming from Angola.

South African forces had pursued the attackers after the attack, the general said.

For the first time, the general's communique stressed that black South African soldiers had killed the guerrillas. It said his soldiers "distinguished themselves by killing seven terrorists without any casualties to their own troops."

Most of the black troops fighting with the South African forces are from the Ovambo home guard whose members come from northern Namibia.

The seven deaths lift to 65 the number of South-West African People's Organisation [SWAPO] guerrillas killed this year.

NUJOMA INTERVIEWED BY EAST BERLIN VOICE OF GDR

LD292022Y East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1705 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD

[Interview of Sam Nujoma, president of SWAPO, the South-West African People's Organization, by Africa correspondent Hans-Christian Schneider; Nujoma answers are in English with superimposed translation--recorded; time and place of interview not specified]

[Text] [Question] Comrade President, following your talks with the foreign ministers of the five Western powers in New York, there has been speculation in South African papers regarding concessions by SWAPO and also about your not wanting majority rule. Would you clarify the real results of your talks and the position of SWAPO?

[Answer] The position of SWAPO on Namibia is unequivocal and clear. We demand now and in the future the complete withdrawal of the South African armed forces, which are oppressing our people. We told the five foreign ministers in New York that in order to make progress possible on the path toward a negotiated settlement we are prepared to temporarily accept a contingent of 1,500 South African soldiers. But we would only do this under the supervision of a UN peacekeeping force and only in the south of Namibia, in the immediate vicinity of the South African frontier. This should be done with the clear provision that they then pull out once and for all. This is what many people call a concession by SWAPO. Regarding the alleged move by SWAPO away from majority rule, I must make the following clear. The fascist Vorster regime understands majority rule to be the Balkanization of Namibia on ethnic grounds, i.e. the setting up of so-called bantustans and homelands, eight ethnic ministates, which will be politically manipulated by Pretoria and in which the white minority will continue to occupy a privileged position, which can thereby continue to oppress and exploit the Namibian people. Naturally, we emphatically reject this maneuver by the apartheid regime and its imperialist allies. We demand independence for Namibia without any preconditions, as a unified, sovereign state.

[Question] What prospects do you see for the further negotiations?

[Answer] At the moment that is difficult to predict. We have our own program for the liberation of Namibia. We are geared both to stepping up our armed struggle and to a negotiated settlement. Of course we prefer a peaceful solution through the good offices of the United Nations. In such a solution, we agree to a transitional administration by the United Nations for 6 months. In this period we will further politically mobilize the masses and after this, free elections will be held and Namibia's independence proclaimed. We are fully aware of the fact that we will emerge from such elections victorious. In large parts of Namibia we predominate politically, and in the northwestern, northern and eastern regions we also have militarily liberated areas. Whatever happens, there will be genuine independence for Namibia--by stepping up our liberation struggle or through negotiations.

[Question] How would you envisage the independent and free Namibia for which SWAPO is fighting?

[Answer] We want a people's government, a government representing the will of the entire population regardless of their skin color, their religion or their origin. We are fighting to get rid of all colonialist institutions which the imperialists have set up in our country in order to oppress our people and to exploit them. We want to replace them by organs of the people, with scientific socialism forming an important orientation for us. In other words, the main thing is to put an end to the exploitation of man by man in Namibia.

CANADIAN CONSUL-GENERAL OFFICE IN JOHANNESBURG CLOSES

LD301752Y Johannesburg International Service in English 1600 GMT 30 Mar 78 LD

[Text] The office of the Canadian consul-general in Johannesburg is to be closed tomorrow. This step comes after the announcement by the Canadian Government in December that it would withdraw its commercial commissions in South Africa.

FINANCE MINISTER DETAILS PLAN TO STRENGTHEN BUDGET

LD291800Y Johannesburg International Service in English 1600 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD

[Excerpts] The South African minister of finance, Senator Owen Horwood, says the main aim of his budget is to strengthen the South African economy to enable the country to withstand onslaught from any quarter. Introducing the 1978 budget in the House of Assembly, he said that for quite a time South Africa had been buffeted internationally by gale-force winds. Senator Horwood said that the 1976 deficit on the current account of the balance of payments of 1.63 billion rand had been converted to a surplus of 751 million rand in 1977. Merchandised exports by the fourth quarter of last year had amounted to an adjusted rate of 7.034 billion rand, which was a new record. Senator Horwood announced that total expenditure budgeted for the 1978-79 fiscal year amounted to 9.811 billion rand--about 9 percent higher than the previous budget. He said there was a 42 million rand surplus for the current financial year.

ZAMBIA

KAUNDA: UN MUST SOLVE S. AFRICAN PROBLEMS

LD281302Y Lusaka Domestic Service in English 1800 GMT 23 Mar 78 LD/CA

[Text] President Kaunda said in Lusaka today that the South African racial conflict between the oppressive white minority regimes and the freedom fighters is a responsibility of the international community to solve. Speaking at a State House luncheon he hosted for the delegates to the United Nations Council for Namibia extraordinary session, currently sitting at Mulungushi Hall, the president said the whole world will know peace, security and stability when all areas under oppressive domination are free. He said all the thinking, planning and actions of all the persons interested should be to find a quick solution to the racial conflict so as to avoid a bloodbath. Dr Kaunda said no right-thinking people in the world can turn a blind eye to the suffering of the oppressed masses in southern Africa under the jackboots of colonial rule.

The president, who was given an ovation by council members after his speech said the five Western contact group [as heard], comprising the United States, Britain, West Germany, France and Canada, should exert more pressure on the fascist south African regime to relinquish its stronghold on Namibia.

He said the five United Nations contact Western group [as heard] should exert more economic and diplomatic pressure on South Africa to allow the Namibians rule themselves. Dr Kaunda reiterated Zambia's continued support to the fighting peoples of Namibia, Zimbabwe and South Africa until the goals are realized. He said that Zambia has suffered economically with her people being butchered by rebel racist forces. The nation will stand relentlessly [words indistinct] until self-determination is achieved.

BRIEFS

ETHIOPIAN, BULGARIAN ECONOMIC TIES--A 9-member high-level government delegation led by Comrade Lt Gesesse Wolde Kidan, Provisional Military Administrative Council member in charge of economic affairs, has left for Sofia, Bulgaria, on a working tour of the peoples republic. The purpose of the working tour is to exchange views with Bulgarian Government officials on how best to promote economic cooperation between the two countries. Comrade Lt Gesesse said on departure that the current working visit would expedite the implementation of the several agreements reached during the recent visit in Addis Ababa by the Bulgarian prime minister. [Text] [Addis Ababa in English to Neighboring Countries 1730 GMT 23 Mar 78 LD/EA]

ETHIOPIAN-SOVIET SPORT LINKS--A three-man USSR delegation led by Leonid (Ibragimov), deputy minister of the State Committee for Sports arrived in Addis Ababa today on a 1-week official visit to Ethiopia. During their stay in Ethiopia, the delegation will exchange views with Ethiopian officials on strengthening sporting links between the two countries. [Text] [Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1700 GMT 23 Mar 78 LD/EA]

FRENCH WHEAT FOR MOZAMBIQUE--A commercial agreement was signed in Maputo by Mozambique and France. Under the terms of the agreement France will supply Mozambique with 4,000 tons of wheat in June this year. [Text] [Maputo Domestic Service in Portuguese 0430 GMT 29 Mar 78 LD/EA]

TANZANIA-FRG ACCORD--Tanzania and West Germany today signed an agreement under which Bonn will give Tanzania financial aid of 622 million shillings during the 1979-80 fiscal year. The aid, in the form of money and technical assistance, will be used by the (Nyasindi) paper factory the Tanga Integrated Development Project, the national engineering company, Neco, and the Tanzania Railways Corporation. The agreement was signed by the principal secretary of the Ministry of Finance and Planning, Ndugu (Mulokozi), on behalf of Tanzania and the junior development minister of West Germany, Mr (Elimann), on behalf of his government. [Text] [Dar es Salaam in English to East Africa 1600 GMT 23 Mar 78 LD/EA]

TANZANIA CLOSING PRIVATE HOSPITALS--The Ministry of Health has issued a statement on the running of private hospitals in the country. The statement said 76 private hospitals and dispensaries which had not been registered under the hospital administration act of 1977 would be compelled to stop providing medical services when their current licenses expired. So far only seven private hospitals and dispensaries have been allowed to continue providing such services. These are dispensaries belonging to Dr (Mutawali), Dr Maina and Dr Khan of Dar es Salaam; others belong to Dr (Delrio de Souza) of Dodoma; Dr (Gadio) Singh, Tanga, and Dr (Nasadro) and Dr (Uratha) of Arusha. [Text] [Dar es Salaam Domestic Service in Swahili 1800 GMT 25 Mar 78 LD]

U.S. LOAN TO ZAMBIA--The United States has agreed to loan Zambia about 24.9 million kwacha for the financing of importation of commodities into the country. The commodities to be financed under the new loan include stock feed, fertilizers and agricultural chemicals. The loan, the third of its kind from the United States since 1973, is to be repaid over 40 years with a 10-year grace period. [Lusaka Domestic Service in English 1800 GMT 28 Mar 78 LD/CA]

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